ETH Course 402-0248-00L: Electronics for Physicists II (Digital)

- 1: Setup uC tools, introduction
- 2: Solder SMD AVR32 board
- 3: Build application around AVR32
- 4: Design your own PCB schematic
- 5: Place and route your PCB
- 6: Start logic design with FPGAs

The AVR32 AT32UC3B1256

- AT = Atmel: Big microcontroller company
- 32 = 32 bit architecture
- UC3 = Atmel microcontroller family
- B = more powerful and expensive variant (\$7 each @25 units)
- 1 = revision
- 256 = 256kB internal high speed flash memory (32kB single cycle SRAM)

The "bronze" board



AVR32 capabilities (Ex. 3)

- System Functions
 - Power and Clock Manager
 Two Multipurpose Oscillators
 - Watchdog Timer, Real-Time Clock Timer
- Interrupt Controller
- Auto-vectored Low Latency Interrupt Service with Programmable Priority
- Universal Serial Bus (USB) – Device 2.0 Full Speed (12Mbps~1MBps)
- One Three-Channel 16-bit Timer/Counter (TC)
- One 7-Channel 20-bit Pulse Width Modulation Controller (PWM)
- Three Universal Synchronous/Asynchronous Receiver/Transmitters (USART)
- One Master/Slave Serial Peripheral Interfaces (SPI) with Chip Select Signals
- One 8-channel 10-bit Analog-To-Digital Converter, 384ks/s







AVR32 Software Framework

Exercise 3: "Sound volume robot"

- · measures sound volume and moves arm to indicate loudness
- microphone -> preamp -> ADC -> UC -> PWM output



"RC" servos (Radio-Control Servo-Motors)

- · Position controlled Servo has internal position measurement and controller
- Rotation angle 120 degrees
- Pulse width from 1-2ms sets desired position
- Pulses must be sent at frequency 50-200Hz

Microphone + Preamp

Servo power supply

14 LM324

Vand

100k

Ik

56k

328k

Vdd Servi

Pulse height >2V

3.31

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N4W7

Đ 10000 MFV ilv

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mic

VBUS +5



Electret Microphone

- Cheap (< 1\$)
- Electret material, no polarization voltage is required
- Low-noise JFET buffer
- Metal foil is connected to source of the JFET through metal capsule







LM324 quad JFET opamp





AVR32 Analog to Digital converter



